

#2 #293  $\frac{1}{20} \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{20}} + \sqrt{\frac{2}{20}} + \sqrt{\frac{3}{20}} + \dots + \sqrt{\frac{20}{20}} \right)$

$$\int_a^b f(x) dx \approx \sum_{k=1}^n f(a + k \cdot h) \cdot h$$

$h = \frac{1}{20}$   $h \left[ f(a+h) + f(a+2h) + f(a+3h) \dots \right]$

$f(x) = \sqrt{x}$   
 $a = 0$   
 $\frac{1}{20} = \frac{b-0}{20}$   
 $b = 1$   $\left[ \int_0^1 \sqrt{x} dx \right]$

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HW.

30  $\int_1^4 -x^{-2} dx = \left. \frac{-x^{-1}}{-1} \right|_1^4$

$$\int x^n dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} = \left. \frac{1}{x} \right|_1^4 = \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{1} = -\frac{3}{4}$$

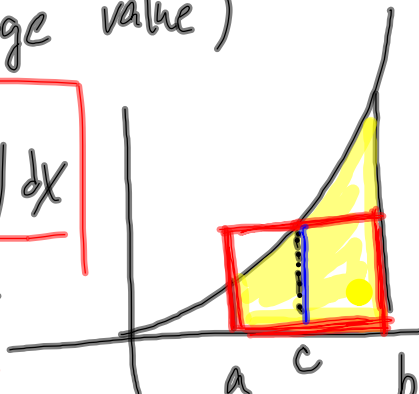
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# 5.3 b MVT for definite integrals (Mean Value Theorem) (average value)

$$(b-a)f(c) = \int_a^b f(x) dx$$

area of  
rectangle

yellow  
area



area of rect. = value of definite  
integral

$$f(c) = \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(x) dx$$

average value of  $f(x)$  on  $[a, b]$

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② Find the value that satisfies the  
Mean Value Theorem for definite integrals  
(find  $c$ )

① Find the average value of  $f(x)$  on  $[a, b]$   
(find  $f(c)$ )

$$y = x^2, [1, 3] \quad ① \quad f(c) = \frac{1}{3-1} \int_1^3 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{x^3}{3} \right) \Big|_1^3$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{3^3}{3} - \frac{1^3}{3} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{26}{3} = \frac{13}{3}$$

$$② \quad f(c) = c^2 = \frac{13}{3}$$

$$c = \sqrt{\frac{13}{3}} \approx 2.0817$$

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Find the value that satisfies the mvt  
for definite integrals for  $f(x) = 4 - x^2$

$$f(c) = \frac{1}{3-0} \int_0^3 4 - x^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \left( 4x - \frac{x^3}{3} \right) \Big|_0^3$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \left( \left( 12 - \frac{27}{3} \right) - (0 - 0) \right)$$
$$= 1$$

on  $[0, 3]$

$$f(c) = 4 - c^2$$

$$1 = 4 - c^2$$

$$3 = c^2$$

$$c = \pm \sqrt{3}$$

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